

Figure 1A.—Tectonic activity of the Sonoran Desert region based on geomorphology.



Figure 1B.—Sources and reliability of tectonic-geomorphic data.

The numbers are keyed to the reference list below. The letter following the number indicates the reliability of the data according to the following:

- A: Detailed analysis
- B: Reconnaissance analysis
- C: No data

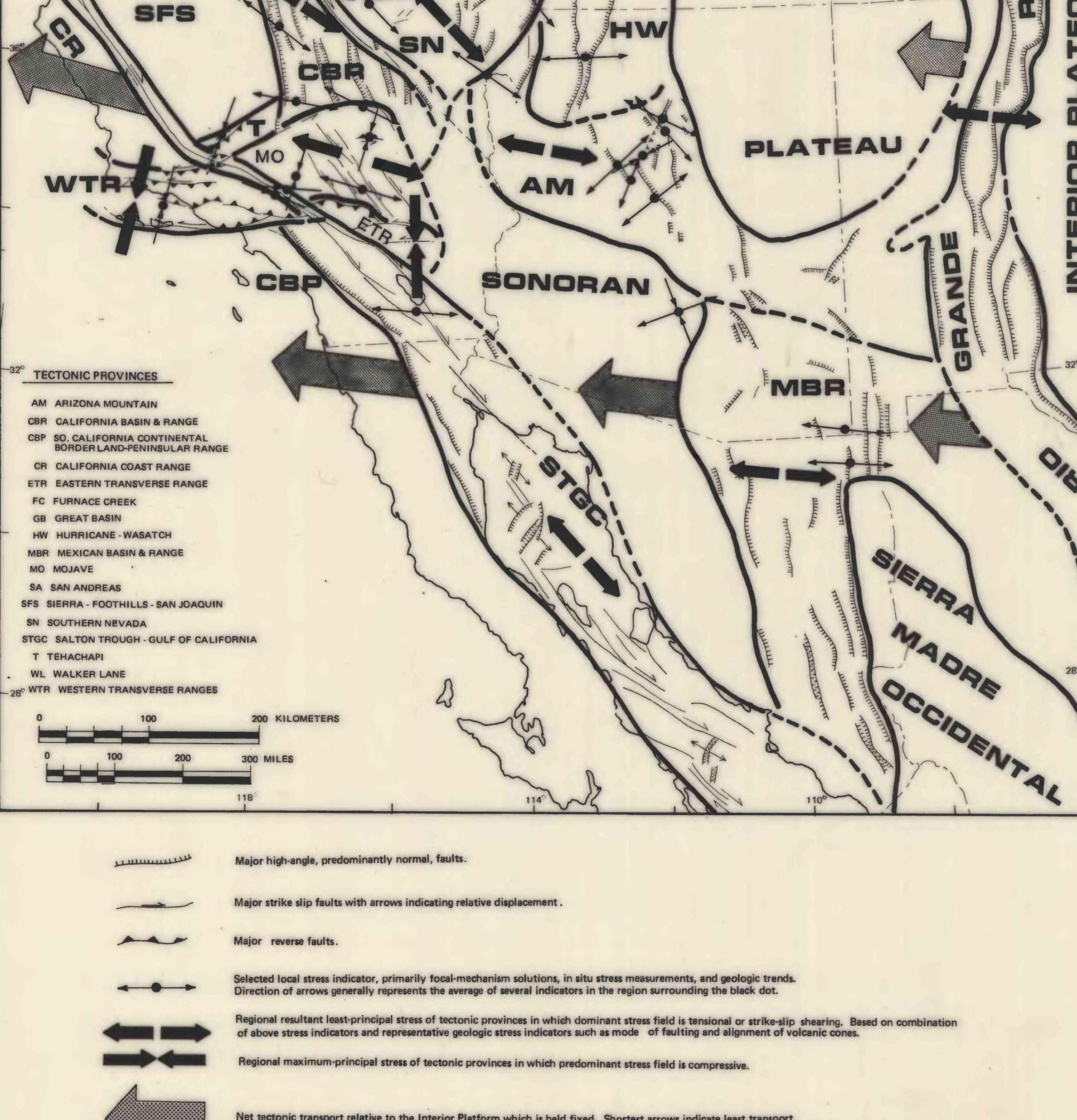


Figure 5.—Regional neotectonic stress in the southwestern United States and northern Mexico.

Emphasis has been placed on the region adjacent to the Sonoran Desert; outlying provinces are generalized with some neotectonic provinces being combined to simplify the illustration.

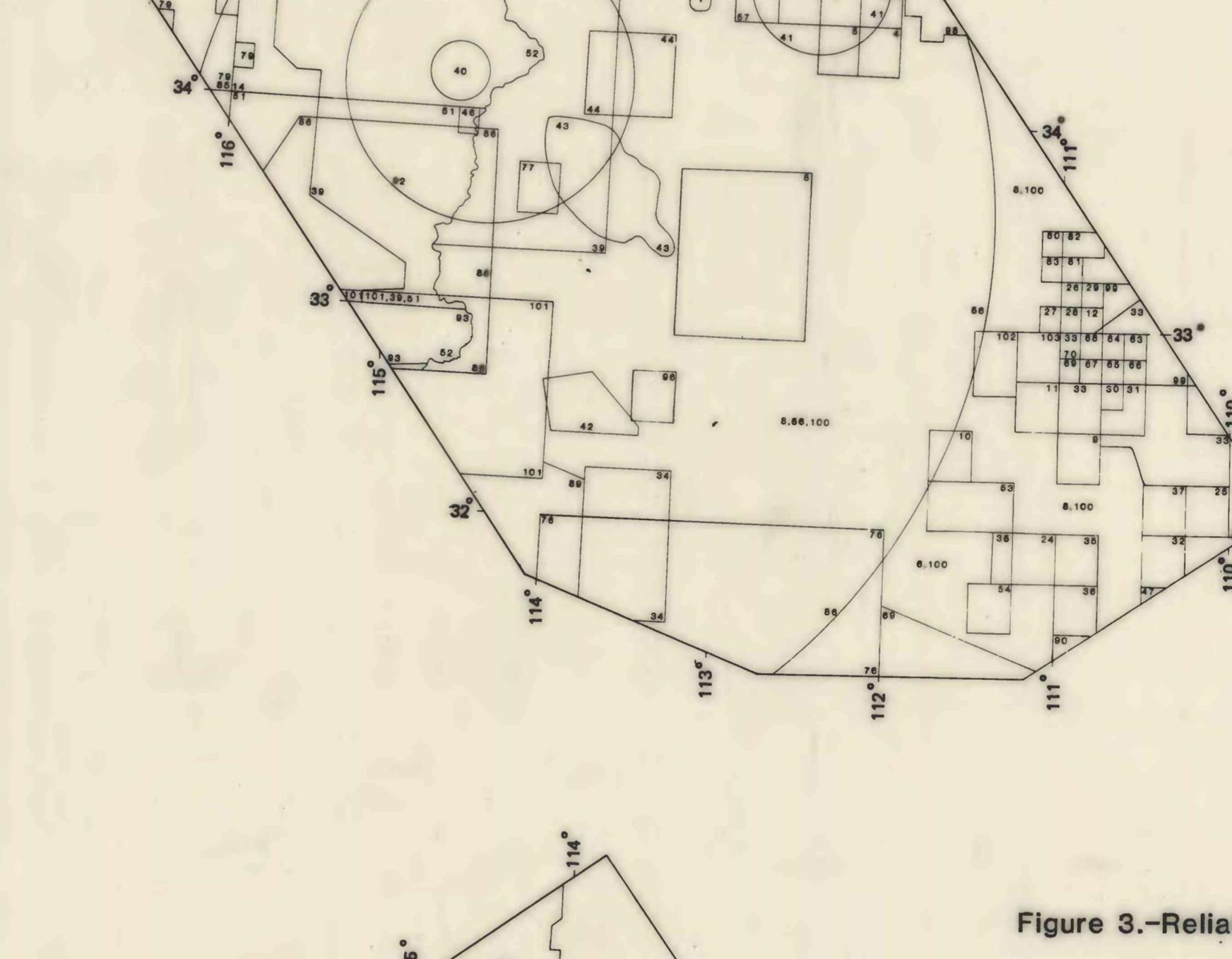


Figure 2.—Sources of fault data (Plate 1).

Numbers are keyed to references below

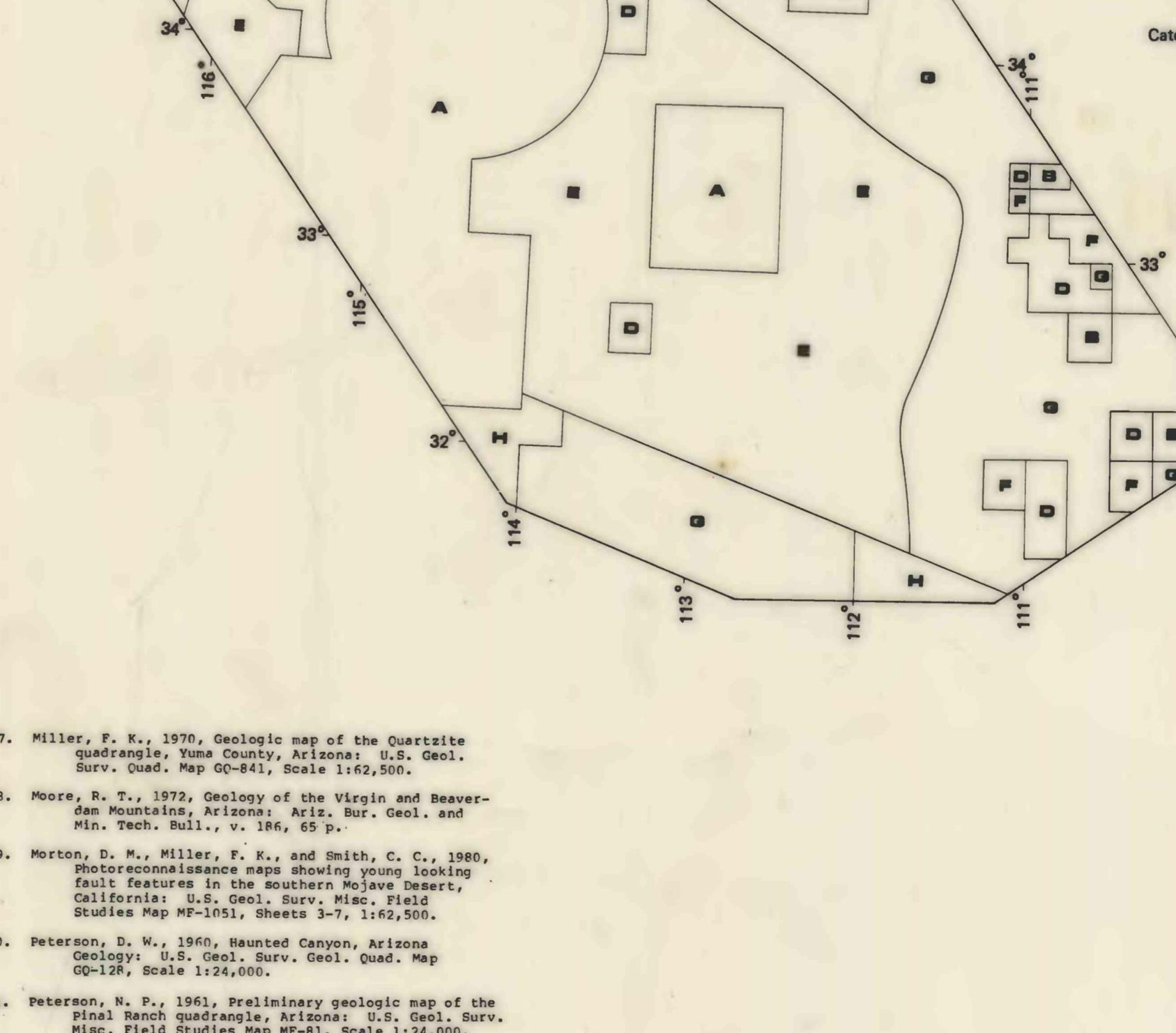


Figure 3.—Reliability index of fault data (Plate 1).

Category A: Investigations specifically directed at determining fault relationships. Data consists of detailed geologic and fault maps based on detailed field mapping, boreholes with downhole geophysical data and lithologic logging, trenching across peridotite faults, abundant geochronologic data, and gravity and magnetic surveys.

Category B: Detailed geologic maps based on intensive detailed field mapping and some geochronologic data. Maps are often oriented to show the relationship of faults to other geological features. Detailed discussion of faults.

Category C: Fault investigations based on aerial photograph analysis, aerial reconnaissance, detailed field checking and trenching. Geochronologic data limited.

Category D: Detailed geologic maps and/or detailed discussion of faults based on detailed field mapping, limited geochronologic data.

Category E: Fault investigations utilizing detailed-scale aerial photographs with fault and geomorphic analysis and reconnaissance field checking.

Category F: Geologic maps based on detailed field mapping but no discussion of young faults or with outdated stratigraphic information.

Category G: Geologic maps based on reconnaissance field mapping, aerial photographs without field checking. Geologic reports or maps which obviously did not address Quaternary or late Tertiary paleogeographic processes.

Category H: Reconnaissance evaluation of regional remote sensing data.

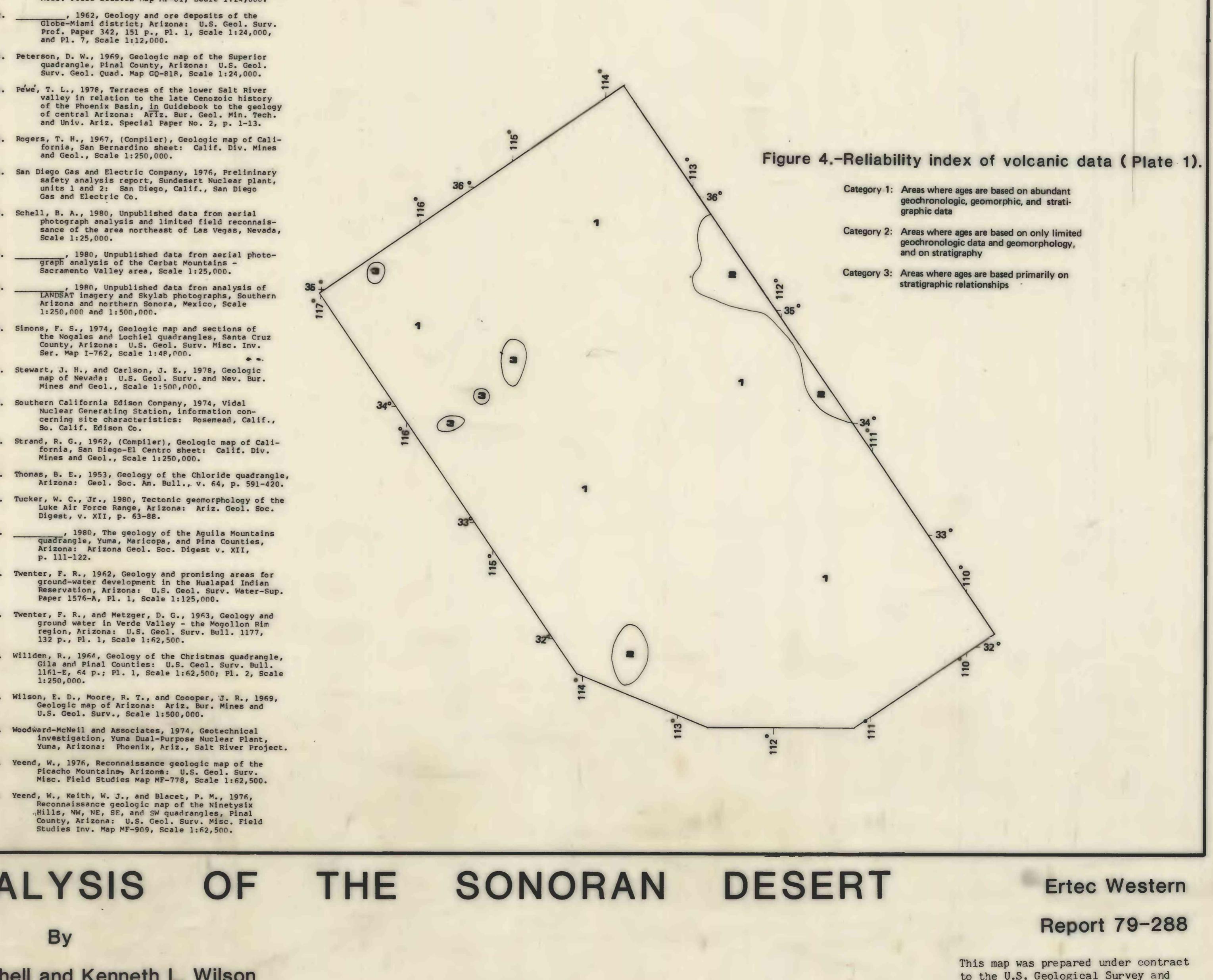


Figure 4.—Reliability index of volcanic data (Plate 1).

Category 1: Areas where ages are based on abundant geochronologic, geomorphic, and stratigraphic data.

Category 2: Areas where ages are based on limited geochronologic, geomorphic, and stratigraphic data.

Category 3: Areas where ages are based primarily on stratigraphic relationships.

REGIONAL NEOTECTONIC ANALYSIS OF THE SONORAN DESERT

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